

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2424

BY DELEGATE HOWELL

[Introduced February 14, 2017;

Referred to the committee on the Judiciary.]

1 A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section,
 2 designated §17B-2-8a; and to amend and reenact §61-7-4 of said code, all relating to
 3 requiring that voter registration information appear on certain state issued identification
 4 cards by January 1, 2019; requiring the Secretary of State and the Commissioner of Motor
 5 Vehicles to collaborate to ensure that certain voter registration information appears on all
 6 driver’s licenses and identification cards issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles and
 7 requiring the Secretary of State and county sheriffs to collaborate to ensure that certain
 8 voter registration information appear on all licenses to carry a deadly weapon issued by a
 9 county sheriff.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended, by adding thereto a new
 2 section, designated §17B-2-8a; and that §61-7-4 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to
 3 read as follows:

CHAPTER 17B. MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVER'S LICENSES.

ARTICLE 2. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE, EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.

§17b-2-8a. Inclusion of voter registration information on department issued forms of photo identification.

4 (a) On or before January 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Secretary of State shall
 5 collaborate to ensure that the following information is displayed on every driver’s license or
 6 identification card issued by the department:

- 7 (1) Whether the license or card holder is registered to vote in West Virginia;
- 8 (2) If applicable, the county where the license or card holder is registered to vote;
- 9 (3) If applicable, the license or card holder’s voter registration number; and
- 10 (4) Any other voter registration information that the commissioner and Secretary of State
 11 determine is appropriate to display on an individual’s driver’s license or identification card.

12 (b) The commissioner is authorized to promulgate legislative rules to carry out the
13 requirements of this section.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

§61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, any person desiring to obtain a
2 state license to carry a concealed deadly weapon shall apply to the sheriff of his or her county for
3 the license, and pay to the sheriff, at the time of application, a fee of \$75, of which \$15 of that
4 amount shall be deposited in the Courthouse Facilities Improvement Fund created by section six,
5 article twenty-six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Concealed weapons license may only be
6 issued for pistols and revolvers. Each applicant shall file with the sheriff a complete application,
7 as prepared by the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police, in writing, duly verified, which
8 sets forth only the following licensing requirements:

9 (1) The applicant's full name, date of birth, Social Security number, a description of the
10 applicant's physical features, the applicant's place of birth, the applicant's country of citizenship
11 and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, any alien or admission number issued by the
12 United States Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and any basis, if applicable, for
13 an exception to the prohibitions of 18 U. S. C. §922(g)(5)(B);

14 (2) That, on the date the application is made, the applicant is a bona fide United States
15 citizen or legal resident thereof and resident of this state and of the county in which the application
16 is made and has a valid driver's license or other state-issued photo identification showing the
17 residence;

18 (3) That the applicant is twenty-one years of age or older;

19 (4) That the applicant is not addicted to alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug and is
20 not an unlawful user thereof as evidenced by either of the following within the three years

21 immediately prior to the application:

22 (A) Residential or court-ordered treatment for alcoholism or alcohol detoxification or drug
23 treatment; or

24 (B) Two or more convictions for driving while under the influence or driving while impaired;

25 (5) That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony unless the conviction has been
26 expunged or set aside or the applicant's civil rights have been restored or the applicant has been
27 unconditionally pardoned for the offense;

28 (6) That the applicant has not been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of violence other
29 than an offense set forth in subdivision (7) of this section in the five years immediately preceding
30 the application;

31 (7) That the applicant has not been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic
32 violence as defined in 18 U. S. C. §921(a)(33), or a misdemeanor offense of assault or battery
33 either under section twenty-eight, article two of this chapter or subsection (b) or (c), section nine,
34 article two of this chapter in which the victim was a current or former spouse, current or former
35 sexual or intimate partner, person with whom the defendant cohabits or has cohabited, a parent
36 or guardian, the defendant's child or ward or a member of the defendant's household at the time
37 of the offense, or a misdemeanor offense with similar essential elements in a jurisdiction other
38 than this state;

39 (8) That the applicant is not under indictment for a felony offense or is not currently serving
40 a sentence of confinement, parole, probation or other court-ordered supervision imposed by a
41 court of any jurisdiction or is the subject of an emergency or temporary domestic violence
42 protective order or is the subject of a final domestic violence protective order entered by a court
43 of any jurisdiction;

44 (9) That the applicant has not been adjudicated to be mentally incompetent or involuntarily
45 committed to a mental institution. If the applicant has been adjudicated mentally incompetent or
46 involuntarily committed the applicant must provide a court order reflecting that the applicant is no

47 longer under such disability and the applicant's right to possess or receive a firearm has been
48 restored;

49 (10) That the applicant is not prohibited under the provisions of section seven of this article
50 or federal law, including 18 U. S. C. §922(g) or (n), from receiving, possessing or transporting a
51 firearm;

52 (11) That the applicant has qualified under the minimum requirements set forth in
53 subsection (d) of this section for handling and firing the weapon: *Provided*, That this requirement
54 shall be waived in the case of a renewal applicant who has previously qualified; and

55 (12) That the applicant authorizes the sheriff of the county, or his or her designee, to
56 conduct an investigation relative to the information contained in the application.

57 (b) For both initial and renewal applications, the sheriff shall conduct an investigation
58 including a nationwide criminal background check consisting of inquiries of the National Instant
59 Criminal Background Check System, the West Virginia criminal history record responses and the
60 National Interstate Identification Index and shall review the information received in order to verify
61 that the information required in subsection (a) of this section is true and correct. A license may
62 not be issued unless the issuing sheriff has verified through the National Instant Criminal
63 Background Check System that the information available to him or her does not indicate that
64 receipt or possession of a firearm by the applicant would be in violation of the provisions of section
65 seven of this article or federal law, including 18 U. S. C. §922(g) or (n).

66 (c) Sixty dollars of the application fee and any fees for replacement of lost or stolen
67 licenses received by the sheriff shall be deposited by the sheriff into a concealed weapons license
68 administration fund. The fund shall be administered by the sheriff and shall take the form of an
69 interest-bearing account with any interest earned to be compounded to the fund. Any funds
70 deposited in this concealed weapon license administration fund are to be expended by the sheriff
71 to pay the costs associated with issuing concealed weapons licenses. Any surplus in the fund on
72 hand at the end of each fiscal year may be expended for other law-enforcement purposes or

73 operating needs of the sheriff's office, as the sheriff considers appropriate.

74 (d) All persons applying for a license must complete a training course in handling and firing
75 a handgun, which includes the actual live firing of ammunition by the applicant. The successful
76 completion of any of the following courses fulfills this training requirement: *Provided*, That the
77 completed course includes the actual live firing of ammunition by the applicant:

78 (1) Any official National Rifle Association handgun safety or training course;

79 (2) Any handgun safety or training course or class available to the general public offered
80 by an official law-enforcement organization, community college, junior college, college or private
81 or public institution or organization or handgun training school utilizing instructors certified by the
82 institution;

83 (3) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted by a handgun instructor
84 certified as such by the state or by the National Rifle Association;

85 (4) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted by any branch of the United
86 States Military, Reserve or National Guard or proof of other handgun qualification received while
87 serving in any branch of the United States Military, Reserve or National Guard.

88 A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes or an affidavit
89 from the instructor, school, club, organization or group that conducted or taught the course or
90 class attesting to the successful completion of the course or class by the applicant or a copy of
91 any document which shows successful completion of the course or class is evidence of
92 qualification under this section and shall include the instructor's name, signature and NRA or state
93 instructor identification number, if applicable.

94 (e) All concealed weapons license applications must be notarized by a notary public duly
95 licensed under article four, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Falsification of any portion of the
96 application constitutes false swearing and is punishable under section two, article five, chapter
97 sixty-one of this code.

98 (f) The sheriff shall issue a license unless he or she determines that the application is

99 incomplete, that it contains statements that are materially false or incorrect or that applicant
100 otherwise does not meet the requirements set forth in this section. The sheriff shall issue, reissue
101 or deny the license within forty-five days after the application is filed if all required background
102 checks authorized by this section are completed.

103 (g) Before any approved license is issued or is effective, the applicant shall pay to the
104 sheriff a fee in the amount of \$25 which the sheriff shall forward to the Superintendent of the West
105 Virginia State Police within thirty days of receipt. The license is valid for five years throughout the
106 state, unless sooner revoked.

107 (h) Each license shall contain the full name and address of the licensee and a space upon
108 which the signature of the licensee shall be signed with pen and ink. The issuing sheriff shall sign
109 and attach his or her seal to all license cards. The sheriff shall provide to each new licensee a
110 duplicate license card, in size similar to other state identification cards and licenses, suitable for
111 carrying in a wallet, and the license card is considered a license for the purposes of this section.
112 All duplicate license cards issued on or after July 1, 2017, shall be uniform across all fifty-five
113 counties in size, appearance and information and shall feature a photograph of the licensee.

114 (i) On or before January 1, 2019, a county sheriff shall collaborate with the Secretary of
115 State to ensure that whether the license holder is registered to vote in West Virginia is displayed
116 on every license issued by the sheriff.

117 ~~(j)~~ (i) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police, in cooperation with the West
118 Virginia Sheriffs' Bureau of Professional Standards, shall prepare uniform applications for licenses
119 and license cards showing that the license has been granted and shall do any other act required
120 to be done to protect the state and see to the enforcement of this section.

121 ~~(j)~~ (k) If an application is denied, the specific reasons for the denial shall be stated by the
122 sheriff denying the application. Any person denied a license may file, in the circuit court of the
123 county in which the application was made, a petition seeking review of the denial. The petition
124 shall be filed within thirty days of the denial. The court shall then determine whether the applicant

125 is entitled to the issuance of a license under the criteria set forth in this section. The applicant
126 may be represented by counsel, but in no case is the court required to appoint counsel for an
127 applicant. The final order of the court shall include the court's findings of fact and conclusions of
128 law. If the final order upholds the denial, the applicant may file an appeal in accordance with the
129 Rules of Appellate Procedure of the Supreme Court of Appeals. If the findings of fact and
130 conclusions of law of the court fail to uphold the denial, the applicant may be entitled to reasonable
131 costs and attorney's fees, payable by the sheriff's office which issued the denial.

132 ~~(k)~~ (l) If a license is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the license was issued may
133 obtain a duplicate or substitute license for a fee of \$5 by filing a notarized statement with the
134 sheriff indicating that the license has been lost or destroyed.

135 ~~(j)~~ (m) Whenever any person after applying for and receiving a concealed weapon license
136 moves from the address named in the application to another county within the state, the license
137 remains valid for the remainder of the five years unless the sheriff of the new county has
138 determined that the person is no longer eligible for a concealed weapon license under this article,
139 and the sheriff shall issue a new license bearing the person's new address and the original
140 expiration date for a fee not to exceed \$5: *Provided*, That the licensee, within twenty days
141 thereafter, notifies the sheriff in the new county of residence in writing of the old and new
142 addresses.

143 ~~(m)~~ (n) The sheriff shall, immediately after the license is granted as aforesaid, furnish the
144 Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police a certified copy of the approved application. The
145 sheriff shall furnish to the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police at any time so
146 requested a certified list of all licenses issued in the county. The Superintendent of the West
147 Virginia State Police shall maintain a registry of all persons who have been issued concealed
148 weapons licenses.

149 ~~(n)~~ (o) The sheriff shall deny any application or revoke any existing license upon
150 determination that any of the licensing application requirements established in this section have

151 been violated by the licensee.

152 ~~(e)~~ (p) A person who is engaged in the receipt, review or in the issuance or revocation of
153 a concealed weapon license does not incur any civil liability as the result of the lawful performance
154 of his or her duties under this article.

155 ~~(f)~~ (q) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, with respect to application by a
156 former law-enforcement officer honorably retired from agencies governed by article fourteen,
157 chapter seven of this code; article fourteen, chapter eight of this code; article two, chapter fifteen
158 of this code; and article seven, chapter twenty of this code, an honorably retired officer is exempt
159 from payment of fees and costs as otherwise required by this section. All other application and
160 background check requirements set forth in this section are applicable to these applicants.

161 ~~(g)~~ (r) Information collected under this section, including applications, supporting
162 documents, permits, renewals or any other information that would identify an applicant for or
163 holder of a concealed weapon license, is confidential: *Provided*, That this information may be
164 disclosed to a law-enforcement agency or officer: (i) To determine the validity of a license; (ii) to
165 assist in a criminal investigation or prosecution; or (iii) for other lawful law-enforcement purposes.
166 A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,
167 shall be fined not less than \$50 or more than \$200 for each offense.

168 ~~(h)~~ (s) A person who pays fees for training or application pursuant to this article after the
169 effective date of this section is entitled to a tax credit equal to the amount actually paid for training
170 not to exceed \$50: *Provided*, That if such training was provided for free or for less than \$50, then
171 such tax credit may be applied to the fees associated with the initial application.

172 ~~(i)~~ (t) Except as restricted or prohibited by the provisions of this article or as otherwise
173 prohibited by law, the issuance of a concealed weapon license issued in accordance with the
174 provisions of this section authorizes the holder of the license to carry a concealed pistol or revolver
175 on the lands or waters of this state.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require that voter registration information appear on

certain state issued identification cards by January 1, 2019.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.